



## SPANISH DICTIONARY

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## INTRODUCTION

[www.wordmeaning.org](http://www.wordmeaning.org) is an open and collaborative dictionary project that, apart from being able to consult meanings of words, also offers its users the possibility of including new words or nuancing the meaning of existing words in it. As is understandable, this project would be impossible to carry out without the esteemed collaboration of the people who follow us around the world. This e-Book, therefore, was born with the intention of paying a small tribute to all our collaborators.

Valee has contributed to the dictionary with 3 meanings that we have approved and collected in this small book. We hope that the reader is very valuable and if you find it useful or want to be part of the project, do not hesitate to visit our website, we will be delighted to receive you.

Working Group

[www.wordmeaning.org](http://www.wordmeaning.org)

## **amiláceo**

Definition of Amiláceo: e tissue of reservation or storage, its cells contain starch (amiloplastos. Do we see him in a Pope, by ejemplo. ¿En what other bodies of the plants we can see this fabric? OBSERVATION OF STARCHY PARENCHYMA. (Practice ) 1. Make Pope (translucent ) 2 very thin cuts with a scalpel. Deposit the Court obtained in the portaobjetos. 3. Add a drop of Lugol. 4. Place a cubreobjetos. 5. Lead to the microscope and enfocar. 6. Observing with small, medium and large aumento. 7. Draws the observado. \* visible changes occur by placing lugol's in contact with the piece of Pope? . \* What use this coloring this practice? I hope have served it. Greetings, worth (:

## **esclerénquima**

THE esclerénquima is a supportive tissue of some plants composed of dead cells to mature, whose secondary walls are species that are very thick and hard. Its name comes from the Greek escleros, "hard" enchyma, 34, 34 substance; . It is a stretch fabric, i.e. that it can be deformed but returns to its original form. The compound that gives their characteristics to the cell wall of the esclerénquima is the lignin present in greater or lesser extent in the cell walls of all plants. It provides high resistance to parts of the plant have continued to grow. In some cases they serve as half defensive, that give the plant resistance against the attacks of insects. Esclerenquimáticas cells differ from the colenquimáticas that have secondary walls usually lignificadas and that, when adult, often lack protoplast. I hope have served it, greetings worth (: