

QUECHUA DICTIONARY

Clara Ferreyra

INTRODUCTION

www.wordmeaning.org is an open and collaborative dictionary project that, apart from being able to consult meanings of words, also offers its users the possibility of including new words or nuancing the meaning of existing words in it. As is understandable, this project would be impossible to carry out without the esteemed collaboration of the people who follow us around the world. This e-Book, therefore, was born with the intention of paying a small tribute to all our collaborators.

Clara Ferreyra has contributed to the dictionary with 5 meanings that we have approved and collected in this small book. We hope that the reader is very valuable and if you find it useful or want to be part of the project, do not hesitate to visit our website, we will be delighted to receive you.

Working Group www.wordmeaning.org

akatanga

Akatanqa, this is a Word with two root words. Aka is the quechua Word for excrement and tanqa is a beetle, as it is the word for a dung beetle, usually is rolling a ball of dung of animals barn yard. It is also a derougatory Word for an unpleasant person. Akatanqa, This is a compound word using two root words. Aka is the Quechua word for excrement and tanqa is a beetle, together it is the word for a dung beetle, usually found rolling ball of barn yard animal dung. It is also a derougatory word for an unsavory person.

jamuy

You are incorrectly using the "J" silence as in Spanish, in both the orthography is written with an "H" is pronounced with the sound of the English h, Hamuy, v come, the suffix - and is an infinitive marker, also indicates the first person singular possessive singular and essential also. You are incorrectly using the silent "J" as in Spanish, where as the spelling should be spelled with an "H" pronounced with the sound of the English h, Hamuy, v. to eat, the - & amp; suffix is an infinitive marker, it also indicates first person singular possessive and also singular imperative.

ianaxpacha

Hanaq PachaHanaqpachaHananpacha

jina

Hina, you are incorrectly using the "J" silence as in Spanish, in both the orthography is written with an "H" is pronounced with the sound of the English h, as Hina You are incorrectly using the silent "J" as in Spanish, where as the spelling should be spelled with an "H" pronounced with the sound of the English h, 'like' Hina

rimaykullayki

Quechua is an agglutinative language, it depends upon suffixation for meaning quechua is an agglutinative language, depends on sentidolt is Quechua the suffixation greeting for HelloRimay is the verb to speakEs quechua greeting to HelloRimay is the verb hablarRima - and - ku - lla - yki - and Infinitive marker,-are - ku Pluraliser for exclusive (excludes hearer) Pluraliser for exclusive (does not include listener) - lla Immotional Immotional-yki intensifier intensifier for 2nd Person Singular suffix, Possessive, Second Person Singular, Possesivesufijo for the 2nd person singular, possessive, second Singular, possessive